



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Huertea glandulosa

PERU COMMON NAME

Cedrillo, Cedro perejil, Cedro moena, Cedro mullaca

TREE FAMILY

TAPISCIACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

12.52cm × **6.12cm**
Length Width

DISTRIBUTION



NATIVE TO PERU

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

350–2000m

TREE HEIGHT

MEDIUM (20–35M)



NATIVE TO

Region: Americas

Latin America: Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Panama, Peru, Venezuela

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM



ARABICA

COFFEE IMPACT

Unknown

TREE MANAGEMENT

Seeds are dispersed naturally.

CULTIVATION



NATURAL

PREVALENCE

Not Common in Coffee Agroforestry

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Firewood, Lumber

Used for housing construction, formwork and firewood.

FARM SERVICES

Unknown

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS

✓ **YES**

The fruits are eaten by small birds such as tanagers (Thraupidae) and manakins (Pipridae).

Last Updated: August 14, 2023

Image: Huertea glandulosa fruits; Huertea glandulosa leaves: A. Monro. Image from Flickr, used under Creative Commons BY-NC 2.0. <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0>
Huertea glandulosa flowers; Huertea glandulosa fruits 2: J. P. Janovec. Image from Atrium BIS, used under Creative Commons BY-NC-ND 2.5. <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0>

Diaz-Martin, Zoë, et al. "Identifying keystone plant resources in an Amazonian forest using a long-term fruit-fall record." Journal of Tropical Ecology 30.4 (2014): 291-301.;
García Guevara, Luis Angel. "Efecto del tiempo y la temperatura en el almacenamiento de semillas de Huertea glandulosa Ruíz & Pavón para conservar su viabilidad." (2018);
Mendoza, A. L. M., & Guerrero, M. H. (2010). Catálogo de los árboles y afines de la Selva Central del Perú. Amaldoa, 17, 203-242.