



TREE SPECIES (SCIENTIFIC NAME)

Cinnamomum burmanii

ENGLISH COMMON NAME

Cinnamon

INDONESIAN COMMON NAME

Kulit manis, Kayu manis

TREE FAMILY

LAURACEAE

AVERAGE LEAF SIZE (CM)

10cm × **3.75cm**
Length Width

DISTRIBUTION

NATIVE TO INDONESIA

ELEVATIONAL RANGE (M)

100–1400m

TREE HEIGHT

SMALL (10–20M)



NATIVE TO

Region: Asia

Myanmar, Philippines, Vietnam

Indonesia: Borneo, Java, Lesser Sunda Islands, Sulawesi, Sumatra

COFFEE AGROFORESTRY INFORMATION

COFFEE SYSTEM

ROBUSTA **ARABICA**

COFFEE IMPACT

MAY COMPETE WITH COFFEE

TREE MANAGEMENT

Propagated by coppice shoots or seedlings collected in the gardens and kept in nursery for one year. Yields are greatest in dense stands and over 900m elevation. Can only be grown at lower altitudes under a dense canopy of shade that can maintain a humid and cool microclimate. Can be clear cut and replanted or selectively harvested (10 to 20 trees cut/year/stand)

REGENERATION

REGENERATES NATURALLY

CULTIVATION

PLANTED

PREVALENCE

COMMON IN COFFEE AGROFORESTRY

TREE BENEFITS AND USES

FARMER USES



Food, Fuelwood, Product

The dried bark is used as spice and the bark of the trunk and branches are collected for export. The wood from which the bark has been peeled off is used as fuelwood for home consumption or for sale.

FARM SERVICES

Unknown

BIODIVERSITY BENEFITS

Unknown

Last Updated: April 26, 2021

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